

FAQs:

Part-M: General, Part-M, Continuing Airworthiness, Regulations

Question:

Do declared training organisations (DTO) need a CAMO/CAO and approved maintenance organisations?

Answer:

Regulation (EU) No 1178/2011 was amended in July 2018 to introduce Part-DTO as regards to declared training organisations (ref. Reg. (EU) 2018/1119). Regulation (EU) No 1321/2014 was therefore amended and aligned the Continuing Airworthiness obligations of ATO with those of DTO.

This means:

		Complex motor- powered aircraft	Other than complex motor-powered aircraft
Commercia DTO	Applicable requirement	M.A.201(f) is applicable	M.A.201(h) or, for aircraft specified in Article 3(2), ML.A.201(e) are applicable
	l Continuing airworthiness management	CAMO is required	CAO (with continuing airworthiness management privilege) or CAMO is required
	Maintenance	Part-145 organisation is required	CAO (with maintenance privilege) or Part-145 or Part-M Subpart F organisation is required
	Applicable requirement	M.A.201(g) is applicable	M.A.201(i) or, for aircraft specified in Article 3(2), ML.A.201(f) are applicable

CAMO is not required Continuing CAMO is required CAO (with continuing airworthiness airworthiness management privilege) is not required management Non-With the exception of complex Commercial maintenance tasks under Part-M: DTO CAO (with maintenance privilege) is not required Part-145 organisation is Maintenance Part-145 organisation not required required Part-M Subpart F organisation is not required

Please also refer to GM1 ML.A.201(e) which provides examples of aircraft not considered to be operated by a commercial ATO or a commercial DTO.

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Link:

https://www.easa.europa.eu/sv/faq/65445